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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/393,576	09/10/1999	MITSUNOBU ENOMOTO	P1216-9002	2928
4372	7590 02/10/2005		EXAMINER	
	KINTNER PLOTKI		DINH, KHANH Q	
1050 CONNECTICUT AVENUE, N.W. SUITE 400		•	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGTON, DC 20036			2151	
			DATE MAILED: 02/10/2009	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	U
	09/393,576	ENOMOTO ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Khanh Dinh	2151	
The MAILING DATE of this communicate Period for Reply	ion appears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address	S
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communica - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) da - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutor - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, I Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	TION. CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reation. ys, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON by statute, cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed y (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this commun ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nication.
Status	•		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed or	n <i>07 January 2005</i> .		
_	☐ This action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for a closed in accordance with the practice of	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		rits is
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) 23-31 is/are pending in the app 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are w 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 23-31 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction Application Papers 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Expectation is objected in the Expectation in the E	rithdrawn from consideration. and/or election requirement.		
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)[
Applicant may not request that any objection	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by	· ·	' • • •	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fa a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority doc 2. Certified copies of the priority doc 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International * See the attached detailed Office action fo	uments have been received. uments have been received in Ap ne priority documents have been Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	oplication No received in this National Stag	l e
Attachment(s)			
1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-9		ummary (PTO-413))/Mail Date	
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO Paper No(s)/Mail Date		formal Patent Application (PTO-152)	I

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This is in response to the Request for Continued Examination filed on 1/7/2005. Claims 23-31 are presented for examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

3. Claims 23-27, 30 and 31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Arita U.S Pat. No.5,821,926 in view of Gasperina US pat. No.5,491,781.

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As to claim 23, Arita discloses an Internet information method for receiving Internet information, displaying it on the screen, and display a tool bar composed of plural buttons each representing control function on the screen comprising:

selecting an arbitrary button (button class of fig.3a) in said toolbar (fig.3a, 3b, co1.10 line 62 to col.12 line 63), magnifying and displaying said selected button (i.e., displaying the button group and the individual buttons as an operating button on a display unit and implementing a "change of display size according to sales" is directed by a button with the use of the input unit so that the display sizes of individual buttons are redisplayed in proportion to sales. For example, the individual button "Tokyo" whose sales are the greatest can be displayed at the forefront (topmost) in the largest size, see abstract, col.11 Lines 15-45, col.20 line 32 to co1.21 line 65, co1.15 line 13 to col.16 line 54 and col.24 line 44 to col.25 line 21).

Arita does not specifically disclose displaying magnifying button into a predetermined size in longitudinal and lateral directions. However, Gasperina discloses magnifying button into a predetermined size in longitudinal and lateral directions (see abstract, figs.1A, 1B, col.1 lines 31-60 and col.3 line 6 to col.4 line 65). It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement Gasperina 's teachings into the computer system of Arita to displaying information because it would have capable correcting reproduced image density automatically in accordance with a density of document ground.

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As to claim 24, Arita discloses the state of the selected button is magnified in the direction toward the center of the screen at said step of magnifying and displaying said selected button (see fig.8 and co1.15 Lines 13-56).

As to claim 25, Arita discloses characters for expressing the function of the button are also displayed at said step of magnifying and displaying said selected button (see fig. 27 and co1.17 Lines 1-26 and co1.21 line 5 to co1.22 line 60).

As to claim 26, Arita discloses the step of varying the displaying state of said magnified and displayed button when executing the function of said selected button (see fig. 1, co1.10 Lines 4960 and col.21 line 5 to co1.22 line 60).

As to claim 27, Arita discloses the button is displayed in the depressed state from the screen at the step of varying the displaying state of said magnified and displayed button when executing the function of said selected button (see fig. 10, co1.17 lines 1-26 and co1.25 line 19 to co1.26 line 55).

As to claim 30, Arita discloses Internet information for receiving Internet information, displaying it on the screen, and display a tool bar composed of plural buttons each representing control function on the screen comprising:

selecting an arbitrary button (button class of fig.3a) in said toolbar (fig.3a, 3b, co1.10)

line 62 to co1.12 line 63) and displaying said selected button in a single user action (i.e.,

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displaying the button group and the individual buttons as an operating button on a display unit, see abstract, col.I I Lines 15-45, co1.20 line 32 to co1.21 line 65 and co1.15 line 13 to col.16 line 54).

Arita does not specifically disclose magnifying button into a predetermined size in longitudinal and lateral directions. However, Gasperina discloses magnifying button into a predetermined size in longitudinal and lateral ((see abstract, figs.1A, 1B, col.1 lines 31-60 and col.3 line 6 to col.4 line 65). It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement Gasperina 's teachings into the computer system of Arita to displaying information because it would have capable correcting reproduced image density automatically in accordance with a density of document ground.

As to claim 31, Arita discloses that the display state of the selected button is magnified and moved in the direction toward the center of the screen (see fig.8 and col.15 Lines 13-56, col.I 1 line 4 to col.12 line 64 and col.15 line 4 to col.17 line 54).

4. Claims 28 and 29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Arita and Gasperina as in item 3 above and further in view of Schindler et al US pat. No.5,675,390.

Arita and Gasperina 's teachings still applied as in item 3 above. Neither Arita nor Gasperina specifically discloses using a wireless remote control to select an arbitrary button. However, a wireless remote control is generally well known in the art as

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disclosed by Schindler (using remote control to control functional buttons and key pads, see abstract, co1.13 line 45 to co1.14 line 55). It would have been obvious if not inherent to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement a well-known device such as a wireless remote control in the computer system of Arita to control data because it would have enabled users to access and to control data information more quickly.

Response to Arguments

- 5. Applicant's arguments filed on 1/7/2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
 - * Applicant asserts that the Arita reference fails to disclose selecting a button, magnifying only the selected button and displaying the selected, magnified button.

Examiner respectfully disagrees. In the cited reference, Artia discloses selecting a button (button class of fig.3a, see figs.3a, 3b, co1.10 line 62 to col.12 line 63), magnifying only the selected button and displaying the selected, magnified button (i.e., displaying the button group and the individual buttons as an operating button on a display unit and implementing a "change of display size according to sales" is directed by a button with the use of the input unit so that the display sizes of individual buttons are redisplayed in proportion to sales (see col.11 Lines 15-45, col.20 line 32 to co1.21 line 65 and col.24 line 44 to col.25 line 21). For example, the individual button "Tokyo"

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whose sales are the greatest can be displayed at the forefront (topmost) in the largest size. This is equivalent to what is claimed.

Conclusion

- 6. Claims 23-31 are rejected.
- 7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Khanh Dinh whose telephone number is (571) 272-3936. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 8:00 A.m. to 5:00 P.m.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Zarni Maung, can be reached on (703) 272-3939. The fax phone number for this group is (703) 872-9306.

A shortened statutory period for reply is set to expire THREE months from the mailing date of this communication. Failure to response within the period for response will cause the application to become abandoned (35 U. S. C. Sect. 133). Extensions of time may be obtained under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(A).

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval IPAIRI system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PMR or Public PMR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you

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have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Khanh Dinh Patent Examiner Art Unit 2151

2/6/2005